Views with Van

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Norton County

**Extension Director** 

caution! If over 9,000 ppm the feed

can be extremely dangerous to

animals and often times will cause

One thing sticks out is that even

condition, there may be quite a lot

of variation in the field. Crops that

grow well and then are hit by hot

and dry weather can accumulate

nitrates very easily. The average of

all these samples was close to

6,000 ppm. Even with similar

moisture contents, the nitrate var-

ied quite a bit. You can never tell

by just looking at the field. This

year the nitrates seem quite unpre-

dictable so I recommend a nitrate

If in question, have your feeds

tested. You may still be able to uti-

lize feeds by diluting the forages

with grains or good quality hays.

If you find your feed test to be

somewhat high you can feed it

with caution and proper manage-

ment. The higher the nitrate level,

the more dilution you will need

If possible, mix high nitrate for-

age with grain (4-5 lbs.) or with

grass or alfalfa hay (50:50) or up

to 1/3 affected hay with 2/3 grass

hay. After 2-4 weeks of feeding

this hay or grain you probably can

ease off some on the hay and grain

as the animals should adjust to this

high nitrate level. Work cattle onto

high nitrate forage gradually by

Feed a balanced ration. The pro-

tein supplement should be of plant

origin (i.e. soybean meal, alfalfa)

as this will provide needed energy

to utilize excess nitrates. Feed ad-

equate Vitamin A and if drinking

water has known high nitrate lev-

els, this will compound the prob-

lem. When roughages are made

into silage, fermentation normally

reduces nitrate levels by 40 to 60

percent. Forages with extremely high nitrate levels at harvest may

still be dangerous after ensiling

and should be analyzed before

feeding. If forages are harvested as

hay, nitrate concentrations remain

virtually unchanged over time. In

the Extension Office we have an

excellent brochure, ask for "Nitrate & Prussic Acid Toxicity in

**Norton County Forage Survey** 

feeding smaller amounts.

and more caution in feeding.

With the colder season ap-

proaching the need to supplement

this time of year, I wanted to re-

mind producers about the need to

test your feeds. Not only is it well

to look at some of the nutrient val-

ues such as energy and protein,

consider the nitrate levels in the

feeds you may have put up. In mid

August I sampled various feeds in

Norton County that are commonly

used to see what the nitrates would

be running. These samples were

either of the crop standing in the

field or otherwise in the bunker or

the windrow. Before I point out

some things about this, perhaps a

quick review of nitrates is needed

In sorghum or sudans and other

related crops, nitrates can accumu-

late as a result of protein synthe-

sis. Nitrates, consumed by the ru-

minant are converted quickly to

nitrites and then these are con-

verted to ammonia which helps to

form proteins. Plants store nitrates

in the lower stalk and lower leaves.

Normally the nitrates are con-

verted to plant proteins. However,

when plant growth is interrupted

as in a drought or freeze, the ni-

trates aren't metabolized properly

Nitrates decrease with age of the

plants, and ensiling can reduce

nitrates to half their original lev-

els. Feeding high quality forage

and grain can help reduce a nitrate

overload in the animals consum-

Young fresh regrowth of forages

under 18 inches tall, just after a

freeze or drought should be sus-

pect with high nitrates. Also

heavily fertilized crops can have a

potential. Haying these crops by

itself cannot reduce nitrates. Once

the crop is harvested the nitrate

levels will remain stable in the for-

age and not decrease much, the

exception is that silage fermenta-

tion can reduce nitrate levels.

Laboratories may express nitrates

in different ways so you must be

aware of how it is reported. It may

be reported strictly as nitrate or

nitrate-nitrogen. Each value may

be different from the other so you

must be aware of how it is re-

What level of nitrate is toxic?

That depends upon the type and

the size of animal, health and type

of feed used. Usually levels of ni-

trate in the range of 3,000 - 6,000

ppm are moderately safe but you

should feed with caution at a rate

of 50% of the ration. Levels that

range from 6,000-9,000 ppm can be potentially toxic to cattle but

ported.

and build up in the plant.

ing feeds high in nitrates.

Forage Sorgham — West, 5-6' early boot stage, 78% mc, 459 Nitrate-Nppm, 1,973 Nitrate ppm Sorghum Hybrid — West, 4-4 1/

2' / Windrow, 62 % mc, 731 Nitrate-N ppm, 3,100 Nitrate ppm Sorghum Hybrid — N. East, 3-

4' tall, 74 % mc, 729 Nitrate-N though a crop may look in good ppm, 3,100 Nitrate ppm Sudan Grass—S. East, 3-4' tall

very weedy, 72 % mc, 1,714 Nitrate-N ppm, 7,300 Nitrate ppm

Grain Sorghum - NW, Droughty/small heads, 62 % mc, 119 Nitrate-N ppm, 511 Nitrate

Corn — NW, Very few, ears / upper 2/3 of plant, 64 % mc, 31, Nitrate-N ppm, 133 Nitrate ppm

Corn — NW, same field/lower 1/3 of plant, 70% mc, 651 Nitrate-N ppm, 2,800 Nitrate ppm Sorghum Hybrid — SC, 2 1/2

3' droughty, 73 % mc, 1,480 Nitrate-N ppm, 6,300 Nitrate ppm Sorghum Hybrid — SC, in windrow / droughty, 48% mc,

1,856 Nitrate-N ppm, 7,980 Ni-

trate ppm Sorghum Hybrid—SC, 4-5'tall /looks good, 82% mc, 3,136 Nitrate-N ppm, 13,400 Nitrate ppm

Sorghum Hybrid — SC, in windrow / looks good, 75% mc, 3,580 Nitrate-N ppm, 15,394 Ni-

\*\* Unless noted, these samples were cut standing in field. Analysis is 100%

### Nitrate in forage (dry matter basis)

ppm Nitrate — Effect on Animals 0-3,000 — Virtually safe

3,000-6,000 — Moderately safe in nost situations; limit use for stressed animals to 50% of the total ration. 6,000-9,000 — Potentially toxic to

cattle depending on the situation; should not be the only source to 9,000-above — Dangerous to

cattle and often will cause death. Taken from MF1018 Nitrate and Prussic Acid Toxicity in Forage, KSU Publication

THE NORTON TELEGRAM

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Raenee Patterson joined her fellow Daisy Scouts at the goody table after receiving their pins and making the Girl Scout Promise for the first time Monday night. Other members of the troop are Carmen Ball, Morgan Griffey, Shelby Mulford, Nickala O' Hare, Valery Rostek and Kristin Stewart. Lois Rostek and Donna Mulford are the troops leaders. — Telegram photo by Veronica Monier

# 4-H club installs newest members

### By TIMOTHY BECKER, club reporter

The November meeting of the Busy Jayhawkers was held in the 4-H Building on Nov. 16.

The installation of new members was held. Katie Bohl, Kolton Harting, Wyatt Harting, Marisa Maddy, Isaac Schaefers and Shelby Schaefers are the new Jayhawkers for this year.

Anthony Wente gave a talk on his reading project. His goal was baby blankets for the hospital.

Santa's

to read a book for each pound he weighs. Melinda Becker explained the

difference between dry and wet measuring for Foods and Nutri-

for an opening.

Anthony Wente and Alec Gilbenbach lead members in play-

ing hoop games for recreation. For an activity, the club made

Club member Annette Becker was to go to the Youth Leadership Conference Nov. 21-23.

The Busy Jayhawkers will be celebrating the holiday season with the club's Christmas Party Shelby Schaefers shared jokes and Potluck on Sunday, Dec. 7, at the 4-H Building.

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