killed 18 settlers in Decatur County

his widowed mother."

L.T. Lull and John Irwin had come from the Kirwin land office and took refuge in a dugout when they heard of the Indian Raid. Although they ran, both were killed.

Fred Westphalen and his son Thomas were hitching up mules in their yard when the Indians rode up. While the visitors seemed friendly, the men gave them food. Both were killed.

Mrs. Westphalen had seven kids in the house. She refused to surrender her money even though she was wounded by an arrow in the shoulder.

George F. Walters was on his way from Park with a load of supplies when he was attacked. His body wasn't found until a prairie fire uncovered it a month later.

William Jr. and John Laing were killed on their homestead while erecting a building. The Indians burned the frame home.

Mrs. Laing pulled herself and two daughters from the fire and hid in the creek. She then walked more than three miles to the Anthony homestead where she learned of the deaths of Mr. Anthony and the son earlier in the day.

John Wright was with several men who went out to check the damage and go after the Indians. His body was found 14 days later just west of Lamb's Draw.

Ed Miskelly was looking for suitable winter



Henry Anthony

pasture. He had left his wagon and gun at the Ufford place. His body was found in the North Sappa Creek near the mouth of Lamb's Draw.

In 1909 the move to build the memorial to those who died in the raid was started. Two years later it was built in the cemetery.



HEADSTONES mark the graves (above) of members of the Laing family. Chiefs Dull Knife and Little Wolf (right) led the deadly raid in Kansas.





